



## Some Legal, Ethical and Practical Considerations

Office of Counsel, Naval Air Systems
Command



#### Affects us every day

- IPTs
- Advisory and assistance services
- Technical support
- Shared workspaces



# Remember: Contractor employees are not Government employees Four Areas of Concern:

- 1. Gifts from contractors
- 2. Use of Government resources
- 3. Personal services
- 4. Contractor access to non-public

information



### Contractors in the Workplace Gifts from Contractors

### Gifts shall not be accepted or solicited from "prohibited sources"

 Prohibited Source includes person/company that does business or seeks to do business with Agency

#### **GIFT - Anything of value, but not**

- Modest items of food such as donuts
- Items with little intrinsic value such as greeting cards
- Loans, discounts and opportunities available to the public
- Items paid for under contract



#### 

#### **Common exceptions -**

- \$20/\$50 exception
- Personal relationship
- "Widely attended gatherings"
- Social invitations from other than prohibited sources
- Gifts accepted under other statutory or regulatory authority

The gift rules are not suspended because the contractor shares workspace



#### **Office Gifts**

- Solicitation of cash contributions toward special occasion gift (i.e., farewell luncheon) for Navy employee
  - Can't solicit from contractor employees
  - Can't accept cash gifts
  - Unsolicited, non-cash gifts subject to \$20 limitation



#### **Gift examples:**

- Farewell gifts from contractors
  - \$20/\$50 rule applies
  - Gifts of little intrinsic value are allowed
- Lunches paid for by contractors
  - \$20/\$50 rule
  - Appearance issues



#### Contractors in the Workplace **Gifts from Contractors**



#### Solution?

- Return the gift
- Pay fair market value However, payment to contractors may raise appearance issues
- Perishable Gifts the employee's supervisor or agency ethics official may direct the gift to be shared within the office or destroyed



### Contractors in the Workplace VIK Gifts from Contractors

- Use of contractor employees as logistical support for social event
  - Result contract claim or illegal voluntary services
- Inviting contractor employees to attend social event
  - Contractor can't charge time to contract
  - Can't use Government MWR funds to supplement contractor employees ticket
  - Consider appearance issues



### Contractors in the Workplace Use of Government Resources

- Contractor use of Government office space, telephone, e-mail, computers, etc.
- Proper use of Government equipment is governed by the terms of the contract
- Local instructions for use of Government property do not apply to contractor employees
- Contract can be written to make the same <u>rules</u> apply (but not <u>sanctions</u> for violations)



### Contractors in the Workplace Use of Government Resources

- Awards to contractor members of IPTs
  - Coordinate with Contracting Officer
  - Honorary recognition only certificates of appreciation but no cash awards, team shirts or other items that are purchased with government funds





# Use of Government Resources Contractor Identification

- Distinct badging
- Marking office space
- Identification on e-mail address
- Identification when answering phone
- Identification when using Government letterhead
- Identification when using Government fax & fax cover sheet
- Identification on business cards



### Contractors in the Workplace Use of Government Resources



- Don't use official Government title/position
- Avoid appearance of endorsement from display of contractor logos (coffee mugs, business cards & brochures)
- Character reference/letter of recommendation
  - Use of Government letterhead or title/position only if based on personal knowledge gained in official capacity
  - Coordinate with Contracting Officer



#### Contractors in the Workplace Personal Services

- Contractors are not Government employees
- It is illegal to receive personal services from a contractor
- Personal Services Contract -- any contract that, by its express terms or as administered, makes the contractor personnel appear to be Government employees



#### Contractors in the Workplace **Personal Services**



#### Key indicia of personal services contracts

- 1. Performance on-site
- 2. Principal tools and equipment furnished by the Government
- 3. Services are applied directly to the integral effort of the command in furtherance of its assigned function or mission
- 4. Comparable services are performed elsewhere in the same activity or at other activities by Government employees
- 5. Need for the service provided can reasonably he expected to last heyend



### Contractors in the Workplace YIE Personal Services



Avoid personal services: Do not treat contractor employees as if they were Government employees:

- Do not direct step-by-step
- Do not supervise performance
- Do not "hire" or "fire" or "approve" leave
- Do not discipline
- Do not include contractors in your training classes

(unless by contract or upon advice of counsel)

 Only the Contracting Officers Representation (COR) can direct performance



# Contractors in the Workplace Personal Services



- Contractor employees may not perform inherently Governmental functions
  - Those functions that are so intimately related to the public interest to mandate performance by Government employee
  - Includes activities which require the exercise of discretion in applying Government authority or use of value judgment in making decisions



# Contractors in the Workplace Personal Services



- Inherently Governmental functions:
  - Act of governing
    - Management of Government Programs
    - Criminal investigations
    - Judicial functions
  - Monetary transactions
    - Committing Government Funds such as placing orders on Blanket Purchase Agreements



### Contractors in the Workplace Non-Public Information



- protection of sensitive Government information vs. contractor's need to know
- Restrictions on Government employees
  - Procurement Integrity Act (41 USC 423)
  - Disclosure of Confidential Information (18 USC 1905)
  - Use of Non-Public Information (Joint Ethics Regs, 5 CFR 2635.703)
  - Contract Restrictions



### Contractors in the Workplace Non-Public Information

- If contractor is given access to nonpublic information:
  - It has now been released outside the Government and Government control
  - Contractor employees are not covered by same laws and regulations
  - Contractor employees are subject to Bribery Statues/ Privacy Act



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- Before giving access to non-public information:
  - (1) Do you have the legal right to do so?
  - (2) Do you need permission to do so?
  - (3) Is the purpose of using it within the scope of the contract?
  - (4) Is there a need to know?
  - (5) Has contractor promised not to further disclose?
    - in the contract
    - by separate agreement



### Contractors in the Workplace | Non-Public Information

- Contractor's co-location can blur the distinction between Government and private sector
- Ensure proper contractor identification when contractor is dealing with: general public, other DON activities and our own workers
- **Avoid inadvertent disclosure of non-public information to Contractor by:**

**Distinct badging** 

Marking of office spaces (co-location)

E-mail address identifier

**Phone identification** 

**Business card identification** 



#### Contractors in the Workplace Non-Public Information

### Contractor employees at sensitive meetings

- Identify attendees
- Financial disclosure to determine conflicts
- Obtain nondisclosure agreement
- Prior notice to affected offerors/contractors
- Avoid CPAR, proprietary & source selection information



### Contractors in the Workplace Practical Advice

- Contractor employees are not Federal employees
- Beware of gifts from contractor employees
  - while they may work in our spaces, they are "outside sources", the rules for their gifts are very different than the rules for gifts between employees
- Identify contractor employees:
  - distinctive badges, e-mail address, answering phones, attending meetings
- Ensure Government employees and the public understand contractor status



### Contractors in the Workplace Practical Advice

- Avoid appearances of endorsement
- Awards to contractors: honorary only, no cash
- Proper use of Government resources is governed by the terms of the contract
- Contractors only provide those services set forth in the contract: no other duties as assigned
- Respect employer-employee relationship between contractors and their employees
  - Do not try to influence use of "favorite"
  - Do not get involved in hiring, firing or discipline



# Contractors in the Workplace Practical Advice



- Safeguard proprietary, Privacy Act, and other sensitive and nonpublic information
- Avoid incumbent contractor unfair competitive advantage
  - Do not include contractor in meetings to discuss re-competition
  - Do not allow contractors access to planning information





# If anything is questionable - CALL OFFICE OF COUNSEL





#### Back-Up Material



### Procurement Integrity Ac



### Government employees

- \* Shall not knowingly <u>disclose</u> procurement information before the award of a contract to which it relates
- \* Shall not knowingly obtain procurement information before the award of contract to which it pertains



### Procurement Integrity Ac



### \* Applies to:

- present and former officers and employees
- anyone who assisted with procurement
- anyone who had access to source selection information



### Procurement Integrity Act



### What information is protected from disclosure?

#### **Contractor bid or proposal information:**

- cost or pricing data
- labor rates
- proprietary information
- information marked by the contractor as "Contractor Bid or Proposal Info"



### Procurement Integrity Att WIL

### What information is protected from disclosure?

#### **Source Selection Information**

- bid prices before bid opening
- proposed costs or prices
- source selection plans
- technical evaluation plans
- evaluations of technical proposals
- evaluations of cost proposals
- competitive range determinations
- rankings of bids, proposals or competitors
- reports of source selection panels, boards or advisory councils



### Procurement Integrity AND VIE

#### Penalties for Violation

- Criminal Penalties
  - 5 years
  - fines
- Civil Penalties
  - \$50K for each violation plus two times the amount of any compensation offered or received by Government employee in exchange for information



#### Disclosure of **Confidential Information**



#### 💢 18 USC 1905

- 1. Government employees may not divulge information received in the course of their employment or official duties
- 2. Covers information related to: trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work, statistical data, or information relating to profit, losses or sources of income of any person, firm, partnership or corporation
- 3. Penalty: Fine and/or 1 year in prison: must be removed from employment



# Joint Ethics Regulation

#### **♦ Use of Non-Public Information**

- Government employee may not engage in any financial transaction using non-public information
- May not allow the use of non-public information for employee's private gain or for someone else's private gain
- Whether by advice, recommendation or unauthorized disclosure